The Daily Courant.

Tuesday, July 30. 1706.

From the Amsterdam Gazette, dated August 3.

Genoa, July 17.

THE Dutchesses of Savoy arriv'd here the 15th. We have Advice from Turin of the 9th Instant, that Provisions were freely brought into the Place, the French having been oblig'd to abandon Chieri and Montcalier. The Siege of Turin advances very slowly, the Artillery of the Place dismounting the Besiegers Batteries from time to time; and the Fortifications are yet in a good Condition. The Duke de la Feuillade having caus'd the Duke of Savoy to be pursued by *M.* d'Aubeterre with 50 Squadrons and 6 Battallions, M. d'Aubeterre set upon him the 7th when he was marching from his Camp at Saluces to Bubiana: But his Royal Highness putting himself with the Regiment of Prince Eugene of Savoy at the Head of his Rearguard, put him to Flight, after having kill'd 300 of his Men, and taken 2 Standards with 50 Prisoners among them 6 Officers. Of the Duke of Savoy's Men, not 50 were kill'd, wounded, or missing: Prince Emanuel of Soissons had his Leg broke, and the Count Sales was wounded in the Thigh; which hindring them from getting off, they were taken and carried to Revel. Since his Royal Highness has been at Bubiana, the Hussars have taken many of the French Prisoners, together with a great deal of Baggage; they have also taken the Captain of the Duke of Vendome's Guards, whom he sent to compliment the Duke of Orleans on his Arrival in Italy. The Castle of Asti surrendred to the French the 13th after a Siege of 3 Weeks: The Garrison consisting of but 70 Men, were made Prisoners of War, and march'd out at the Breach. The Marquis de Parelle was wounded and taken Prisoner by the French, at the Passage of a River where he commanded only some Peasants who abandon'd him.

From the Paris Gazette, dated July 31.

From the Camp before Turin, July 22. For some Days past Men have been employ'd in making three new Batteries, one of 9 twenty four Pounders on the Right of the Lunette which is taken near the Citadel, another of 3 pieces on the Left of the same Lunette, and the other of 4 Pieces. The 16th the Marquis du Buzancy Son of the Count de Chamarante, and Collonel of the Regiment de la Reine, was kill'd in the Trenches. The Deserters continue to come over to us in great number. The 15th 92 came, among them 17 Grenadiers of one Company with their Sergeant; and Yesterday 51. Yesterday likewise the new Batteries being finish'd, all the Artillery began agen to play at Day-break, with such Effect, that it dismounted the greatest part of the Artillery of the Besieged, which since fires but little. A great number of Stones and about 300 Bombs were thrown into the Cover'd-Way, which threw down and broke a great number of Pallisadoes. The Mines were likewise perfected and charg'd Yesterday at Noon, and Preparations were made for attacking 3 Lunettes. At 11 a Clock at Night the Mines were sprung, and at the same time the 3 Lunettes were attack'd and carried Sword in Hand, with the outermost Cover'd Way, where a Lodgment was made as also in the 3 Lunettes. The Fight lasted 2 Hours, with the Loss of but 50 Men wounded; but the Enemy had 450 Men kill'd or wounded. The Duke de la Feuillade's Horse observes that of the Duke of Savoy, whom they have oblig'd to retire into the Valleys of Lucerne and Angrogne, after a Fight near Saluces in which his Rearguard was defeated, and Prince Emanuel of Soissons taken with the Count de Sales and several other Officers. The Duke of Savoy has dismounted his Cavalry, which we are assur'd is reduc'd to 1700 Men. He has sent the Horses into the Mountains to graze, with a number of the Troopers necessary to guard them, and has kept the rest with him, as also 800 *Barbets* (or Mountaineers) to guard the Passages. We have receiv'd Advice, that the Count d'Estain has oblig'd the Garrison of the Castle of Asti to surrender at Discretion; they were reduc'd to 150 Men, from 400 which they were when the Siege began. The Duke de la Feuillade has made a Detachment of 22 Squadrons, which march'd some Days ago to joyn the Army in Lombardy. 'Tis advis'd, that the Siege of the Castle of Ceva is continued with Success, and that 'twas hop'd the Place will be forc'd to yield in a few Days. Some Days ago the Count of Sartirana going to take Possession of the Hill of Parodi, perceiv'd the Marquis de Parelle advancing with 1000 Foot and 400 Horse to succour Ceva. He march'd against him, attack'd and defeated him; killing or taking 300 Men. The Marquis de Parelle and another Officer of Note are among the Prisoners.

From the Paris Letter, dated July 30.

Paris, July 30. The last Letters from the Camp before Turin advise, that the Count d'Estain had brought thither the flying Camp from *Pignerol*, and is since march'd towards Alexandria with a Body of Horse and Dragoons to joyn the Army in Lombardy. They confirm, that the Duke of Savoy will find it very difficult to escape out of the Valleys in which he has shut himself up, all the Passages being block'd up. A Body of our Troops are posted in the Neck of the Mountains from Berquera to Pignerol; M. de Villiers with 14 Squadrons, 1 Regiment of Dragoons, and 3 Battallions, has secur'd the only Passage by which that Prince can come back to Coni; another Body is posted between M. de Villiers and the Valley of Aost, with some Grenadiers and 2000 Miquelets: All these Dispositions render his Retreat or Escape almost impossible.

From the Paris Gazette, dated July 31.

From Fort-Louis *in* Alsace, July 21. The Marshal de Villars having form'd a Design to attempt the Passage of the Rhine, and to deceive the Enemy who were posted on the side of that River, withdrew the Regiments of Horse and Dragoons that were quarter'd between Strasbourg and Lauterbourg, under Pretence of preserving the Forrage of that Part of the Country; and sent into their Rooms the

Brigades

Brigades of Navarre, Bourbonois, and Mortemar, and gave Order for the Pontons to be ſecretly carried in Waggons to Fort Louis. His Orders being executed, he return'd the 19th Inſtant from the Camp of Barberod to Fort Louis: He caus'd 900 detach'd Foot commanded by Major General Stref, Brigadier Count Hautefort, Collonel Seiſſans, and Lieutenant Collonel Barberay, to be imbark'd. The 20th, obſerving that the Enemy made no Motion, nor had taken any new Precautions, he order'd the Sieur Stref to make a Deſcent upon an Iſland which is divided from the Iſland du Marquiſat by a Branch of the Rhine of 8 or 10 Paces broad. The Deſcent was made with little Reſiſtance on the Part of the Enemy, who did not expect it: But at the firſt Firing Major General Stref receiv'd a Wound, of which he is ſince dead, lamented by all who knew his Worth; and the Marſhal de Villars ſent the Count de Broglio to ſupply his Place. At that Inſtant the hereditary Prince of Bareith, General of the Troops of Franconia, who commanded in that Part, advanc'd with 2000 Men, which he poſted within 30 Paces of the little Iſland, and made them fire upon the King's Troops who had not Time to cover themſelves. The Marſhal de Villars who had foreſeen it, caus'd them to be ſupported by 15 Companies of Grenadiers commanded by the Marquis de Nangis and the Sieur de Roth Brigadiers, and by the Marquis de Seignelay Collonel of the Regiment of Champagne. At the ſame Time he caus'd a great Fire to be made upon the Enemy from the Cannon of Fort Louis, and by part of the Artillery of the Army which he had caus'd to be plac'd on the Ramparts: So that they were forc'd to retire with the Loſs of 500 Men. The Grenadiers paſs'd the little Branch of the Rhine, part Swimming, part at a Ford, and purſued them to the River of Stolhoffen. The Marſhal de Villars paſs'd the Rhine, and caus'd the Poſt he took on the other ſide to be intrench'd till the Bridge ſhould be finiſh'd. Men are ſet to Work, to repair the Horn-Work, which by Virtue of the Treaty of Reſwick was demoliſh'd. The Count de Broglio and all the Officers diſtinguiſh'd themſelves on this Occaſion, in which but 150 Men of the King's Troops were kill'd or wounded.

From the Leiden Gazette dated Auguſt 3.

From the Camp of the Prince of Baden, *at* Hugelſheim, July 26. Some Days ago the Marſhal de Villars march'd up the Rhine with the Enemy's Army that he commands, leaving a few Troops behind him to guard the Lines between Lauterbourg and Croon-Weyſſenbourg. The Night between the 19th and 20th he poſted 9 or 10 Battallions on the Counterſcarp of Fort-Louis. The next Morning early he caus'd a great Fire of Cannon and Muſquets to be made upon 3 Battallions that we had on the Iſland in the Rhine over againſt that Place, to facilitate the Paſſage of ſome Troops which he had put into ſeveral Boats to take Poſt there. Our Men oppos'd their Landing till 9 in the Morning; but having no Cannon, and being very much expos'd to the Fire of that of the Enemy; they were at laſt forc'd to abandon the Iſland and retire to this ſide of the Rhine: Which they did in very good Order; and Deſerters tell us 400 Men of the Enemy were kill'd or wounded, among them an Officer of Note. The Prince of Baden being inform'd of the motion of the Enemy's Army and the Loſs of the Iſland, left Raſtad where he had been ſome time, and has order'd the Army to march up to the Lines of Stolhoffen and Buhl, to obſerve the Enemy. The Marſhal de Villars has caus'd a ſtrong Detachment of his Troops to paſs the Rhine at Fort Kehl; with what Deſign is yet uncertain.

Bruges, Auguſt 3. Laſt Night Mr. Mackey Maſter of the Engliſh Pacquet-Boats arriv'd here with the firſt Mail from that Kingdom ſince the preſent War: This Occaſions great Joy here, it being a beginning of Trade, which we much Want. The States of Brabant and Flanders have taken off all Impoſitions laid on Engliſh Manufactures ſince 1682.

Oſtend, Auguſt 4. This Day arriv'd a ſecond Mail from England; all Hands are at work in repairing our ruin'd Houſes; and ſome Ships are fitting out to clear our Coaſt from Privateers: The laſt Pacquet-Boat made a running Fight into this Harbour with a Veſſel of Newport, which attack'd her, but did her no Damage. We receiv'd Letters from the Army laſt Night, that the Batteries would begin to play againſt Menin to Morrow, and that they did not doubt to be Maſters of the Place in 14 Days.

Portſmouth, July 28. The Forces appointed for the Deſcent are Ship'd. Sir Cloudſl. Shovel, with the Men of War and Tranſports, is juſt now going to ſail from Spithead to St. Hellens.

Never Acted there before.

AT the Queen's Theatre in the Hay-Market, to Morrow being Wednesday, the 31ſt of July, will be preſented, The Play-Houſe to be Let. With the Farce call'd Sganarella, the Black Smith of Paris. Written by Sir William Davenant; but Originally by the famous French Dramatick Poet Monſieur Moliere. The Part of Sganarella to be perform'd by Mr. Bowen. To which will be added a Burleſque Farce, call'd, Mock Pompey. With various Entertainments of Singing and Dancing.

At the Deſire of ſeveral Perſons of Quality.

AT the Theatre in Dorſet-Garden, on Thurſday next being the 1ſt of Auguſt, will be preſented an Opera, call'd, Camilla. All ſung after the Italian manner. With ſeveral Entertainments of Dancing by the beſt Performers. Being the laſt time of performing the ſame till after Michaelmas next.

Theſe Plays are Sold by J. Knapton at the Crown in St. Paul's Church yard, and B. Lintott next Nando's Coffee-Houſe, Temple-Bar.

To be Sold, the remaining part of a Parcel of Coniack and Bourdeaux Brandys, at 7 s. 6 d. per Gallon the Coniack, and 7 s. per Gallon the Bourdeaux; lying in a Vault under a Glaziers Houſe in Mincing-Lane; and to continue every Day till all are ſold from 7 in the Morning till 8 at Night.

At the Cow's Face in Bow Church-yard near Cheapſide London, is to be Let a very good Houſe, with new Marble Chimneys, 2 Stair Caſes, (one whereof finely Painted,) the Rooms Wainſcotted, the Windows new Saſhed, the Yard paved, and very good Vaults. Enquire of Mr. John Trollope at the Angel in Cheapſide aforeſaid.

Joſhua: A Poem in Imitation of Milton: Humbly inſcrib'd to the Duke of Marlborough. Occaſion'd by Mr. Stephens's Letter to the Author of the Memorial of the State of England. Printed for John Lawrence at the Angel in the Poultry.

Since the True Golden Snuff hath been ſo univerſally approved of, both in City and Country, to be that moſt excellent Remedy for moſt Diſeaſes affecting the Head, the extraordinary Vertues and Uſe whereof are fully deſcrib'd in the printed Directions, hath been baſely counterfeited, and is no where elſe to be had then at Maſon's Coffee-Houſe in Bartholomew-Lane behind the Royal Exchange, at Mr. Girard's, Toy-ſhop, at the Three Flower-de-Luces near Northumberland-houſe, and at Mr. Osborn's at the Roſe and Crown under St. Dunſtan's Church in Fleet-ſtreet, at 1 s. per paper with Directions. Therefore beware of upſtart Counterfeits. At the two firſt-mentioned Places is likewiſe to be had the Balſam of Cathay, for eaſing all Goutry and Rheumatick Pains, at 2 s. 6 d. per Box.

The Family Eſſence for all manner of Pains and Aches of whatſoever cauſe throughout the whole Body; likewiſe for thoſe who have loſt the uſe of all their Limbs. It gives immediate eaſe and help when all Ordinary means prove inſucceſsful, and ſuddainly takes away the oldeſt Grief. It neither wets like Water, greaſes like Oil, nor ſoils the fineſt Linnen. You cannot uſe it without happy ſucceſs for Weakneſs, Lameneſs, Numbneſs, Trembling or Palſey in any part; likewiſe for the Sciatica and Cramp, it is a very preſent and perfect Cure. Sold at John's Coffee-Houſe in Swithin's-Alley by the Royal Exchange, and at the 7 Stars under St. Dunſtan's Church in Fleetſtreet, price 2 s. each Viol.

The Incomparable India Dentifficke Roots, only to be had at Thomas Allcrafts a Toy-ſhop at the Sign of the Bluecoat-Boy over againſt the Royal Exchange, and at Young Man's Coffee-Houſe near Charing-Croſs, price 6 d. each Root. This Root dipped in fair Water, and bruis'd with a Hammer, becomes a ſoft and pleaſant Bruſh to the Teeth and Gums, afterwards pairing away by degrees the outward Rind; wears ſo to the laſt. Its Vertues are beyond any Human Art for cleaning the Teeth, as to bring them to the Whiteneſs of Ivory in a few times uſing; it preſerves your Teeth from corruption and prevents farther decay in any before corrupted, whoever uſes it two or three times a day will ever avoid Tooth-ach, having foul Teeth, or a ſtrong Breath, nor is this Root in its uſe any wiſe offenſive to ſmell or taſte.

A new Secret to cure the Tooth-ach though never ſo violent or proceeding from what cauſe ſoever, is communicated by a Gentleman, (who hath travelled through moſt parts of Europe) to a Friend of his, which if us'd according to direction is the moſt effectual and ſpeedy remedy ever yet known, not only for giving preſent eaſe, but likewiſe preventing its returning for a conſiderable time, is admitted to be ſold only at the Golden Lamp a Tinſhop on London bridge by the Gate, at the King's-Arms in Stocks-Market Confectioner-Shop, at the Caſe and Knives and Spur in Great Turnſtile Holborn, Cutler, and at the Sugar-Loaf over-againſt old Round Court in the Strand Confectioner, at 1 s. a Paper ſeal'd up with Directions.

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